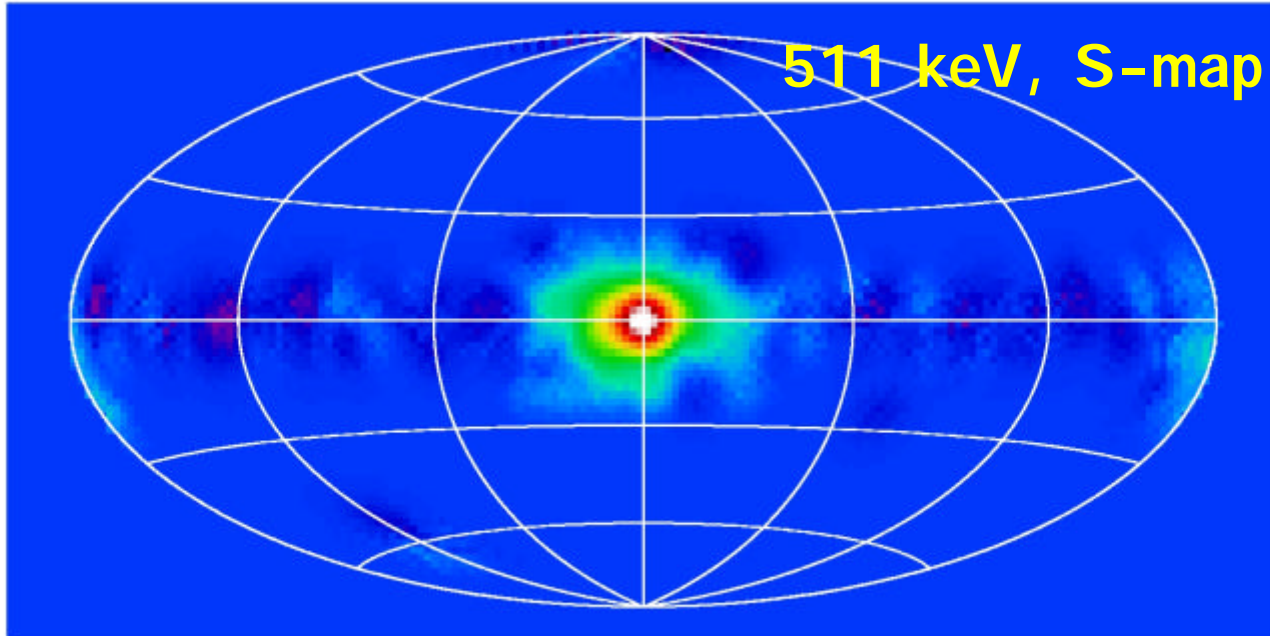


Positron annihilation spectrum from the inner Galaxy

E.Churazov

R.Sunyaev, S.Sazonov, M.Revnivtsev, D.Varshalovich



MNRAS, in press

see also Jean et al, Knödseder et al,

Tegarden et al

e^+e^- Line @ 511 keV from Galactic Center region

Discovered in 1972 as ~ 476 keV feature (Rice U, NaI)

Johnson, Harden & Haymes, 1972; Johnson & Haymes, 1973

Identified with a narrow 511 keV line in 1978 (Bell-Sandia, Ge)

Leventhal, MacCallum & Stang, 1978

Observed by e.g. SMM, OSSE, TGRS ...

The brightest γ -line in the Galaxy (few 10^{-3} phot/s/cm²)

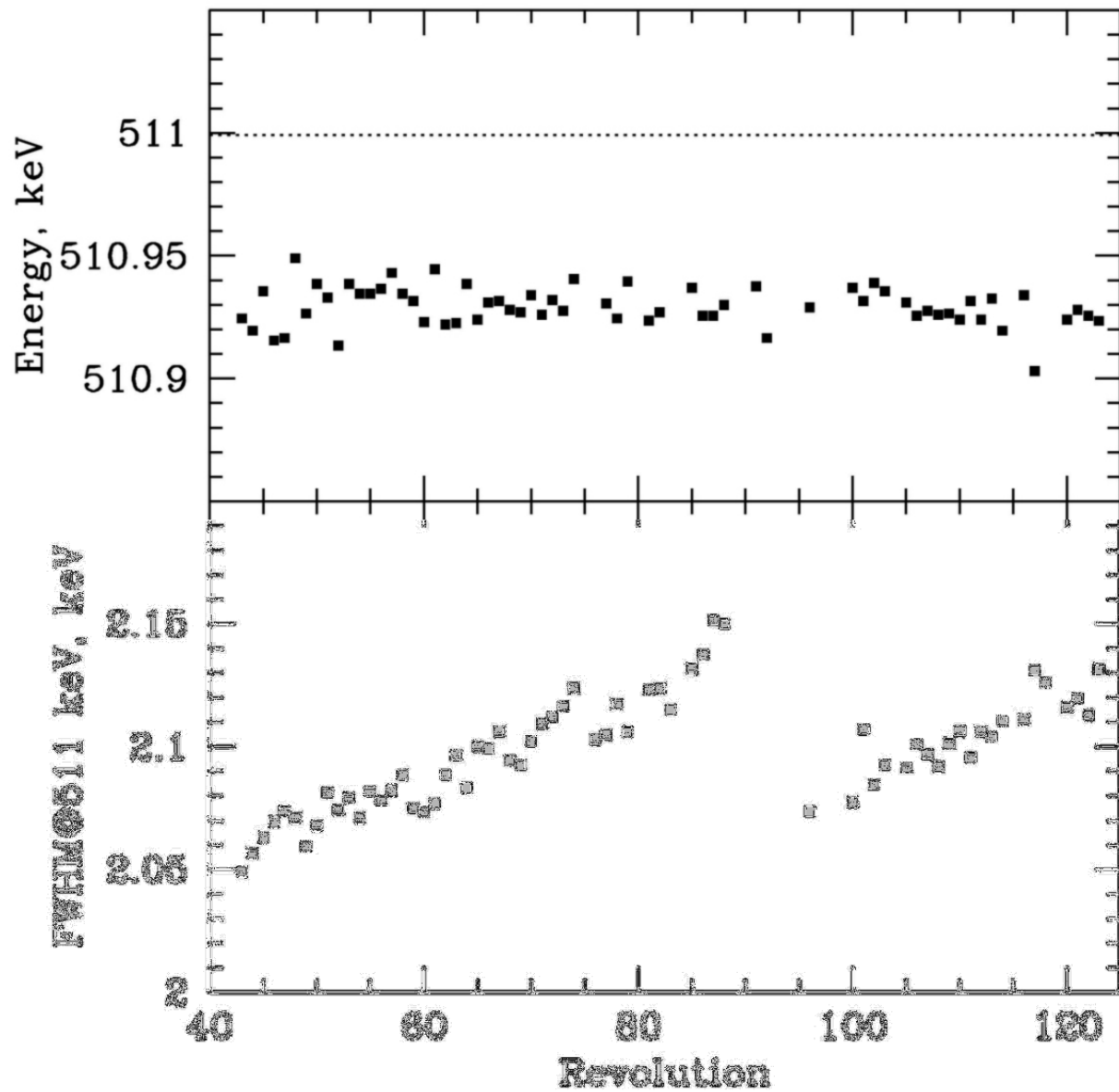
Many channels for positron production:

- ?Nucleosynthesis (SNe, Novae, WR, AGB): (e.g. Ni56, Ti44, Al26)
- ?Cosmic rays interaction
- ?BH and pulsars (pair production, jets)
- ?Dark matter annihilation

Analysis standard steps:

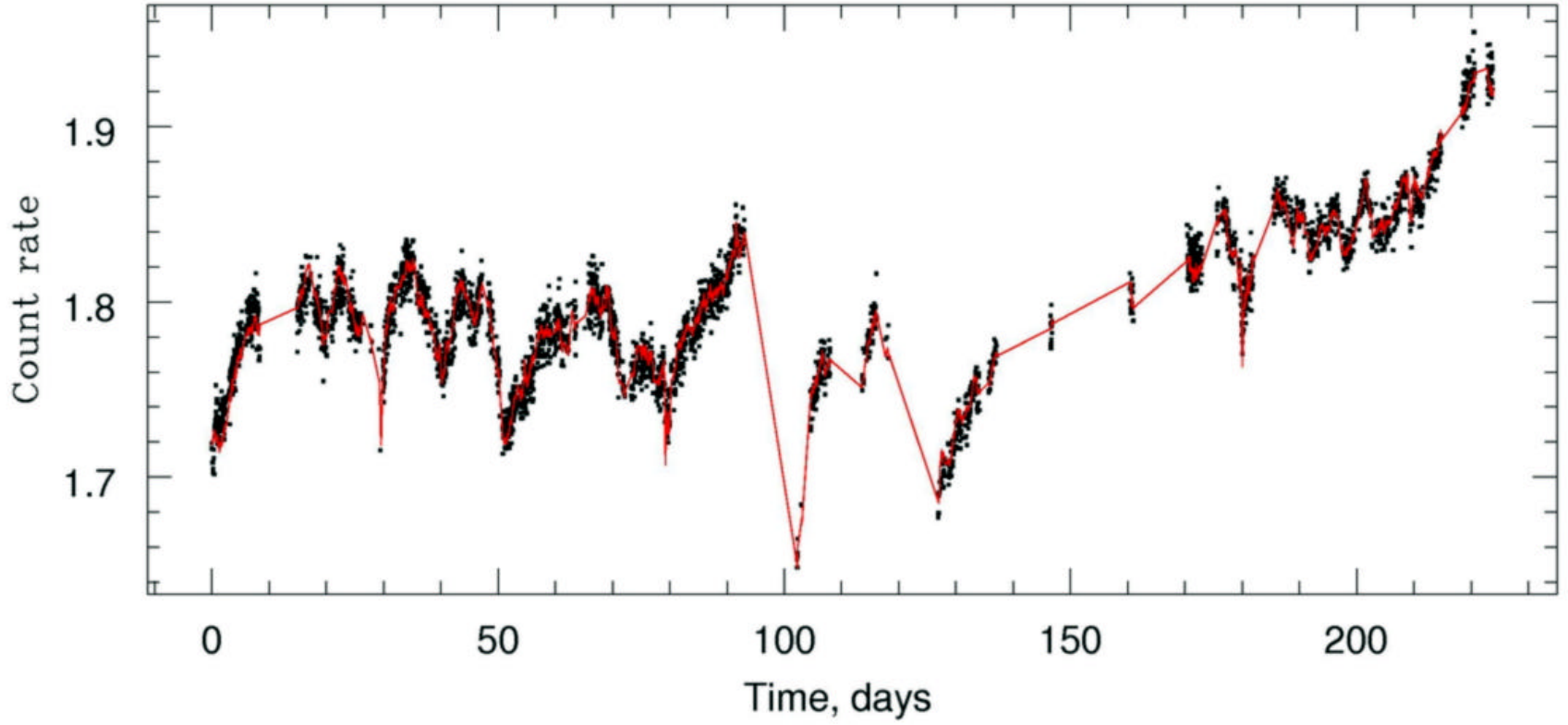
- Energy Calibration
- Background modeling
- Spectra extraction for selected spatial model

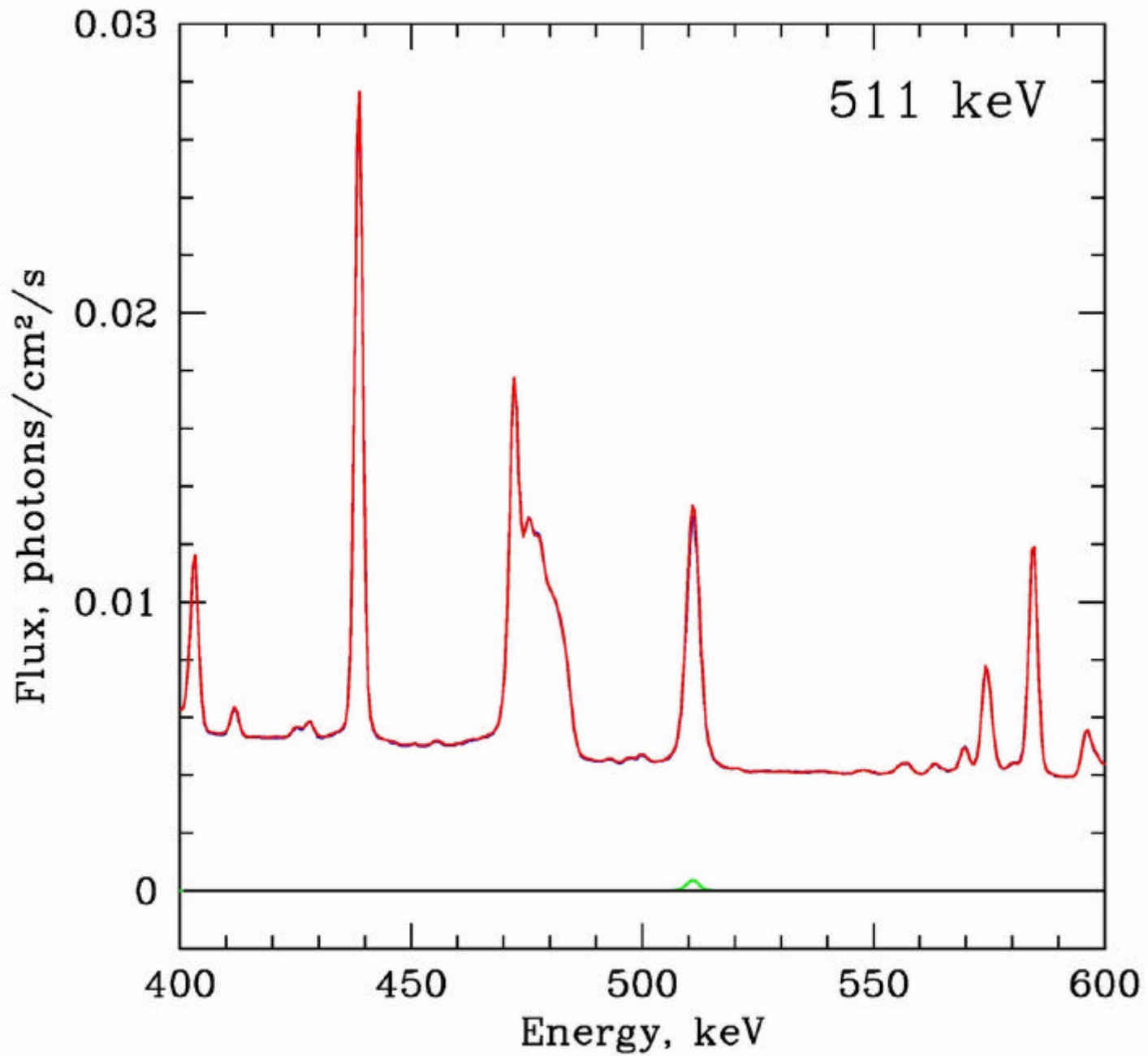
Energy calibration



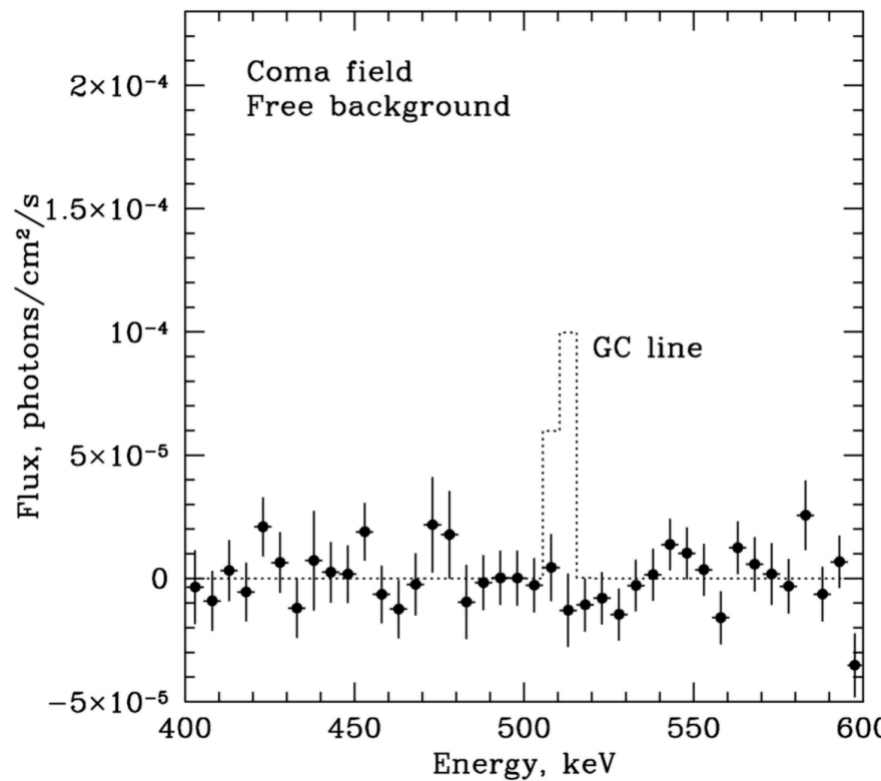
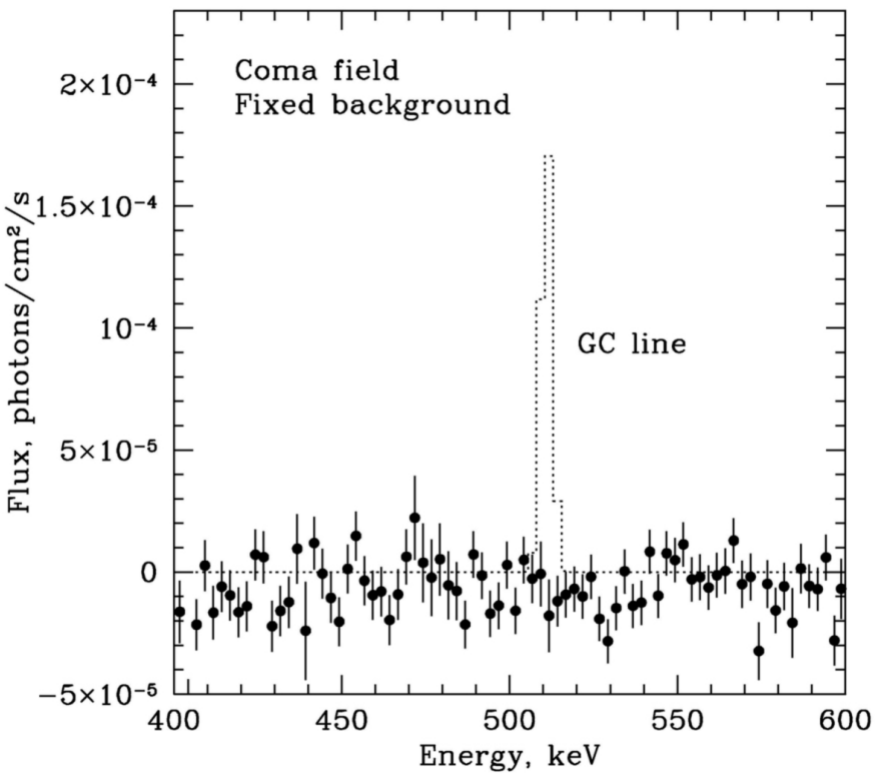
RMS~0.01 keV

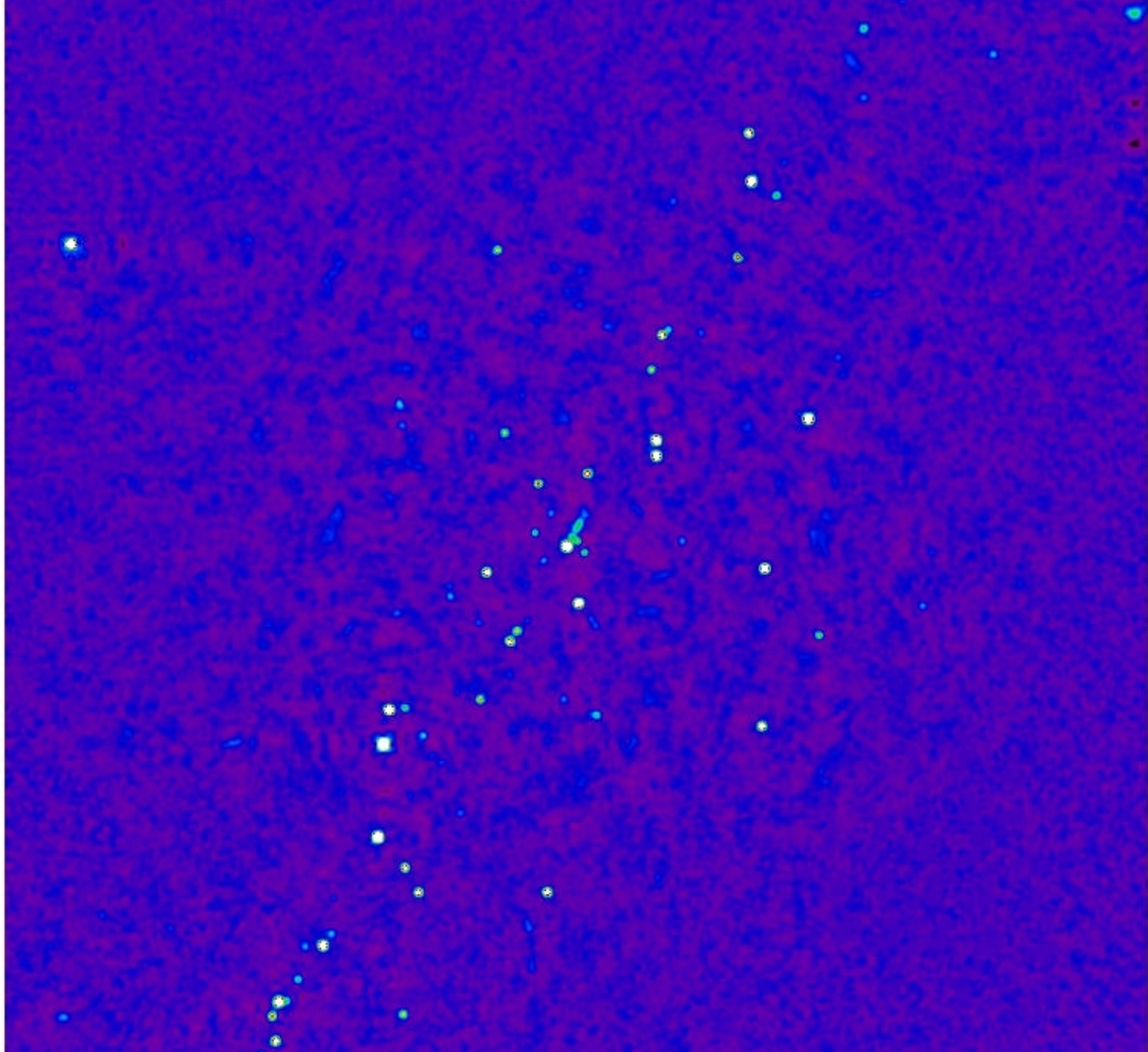
Background modeling

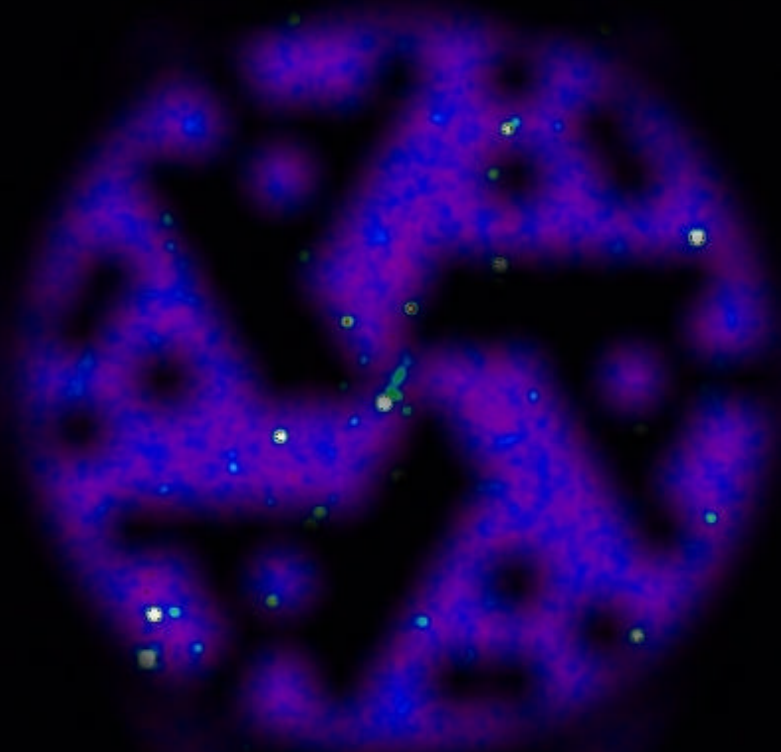


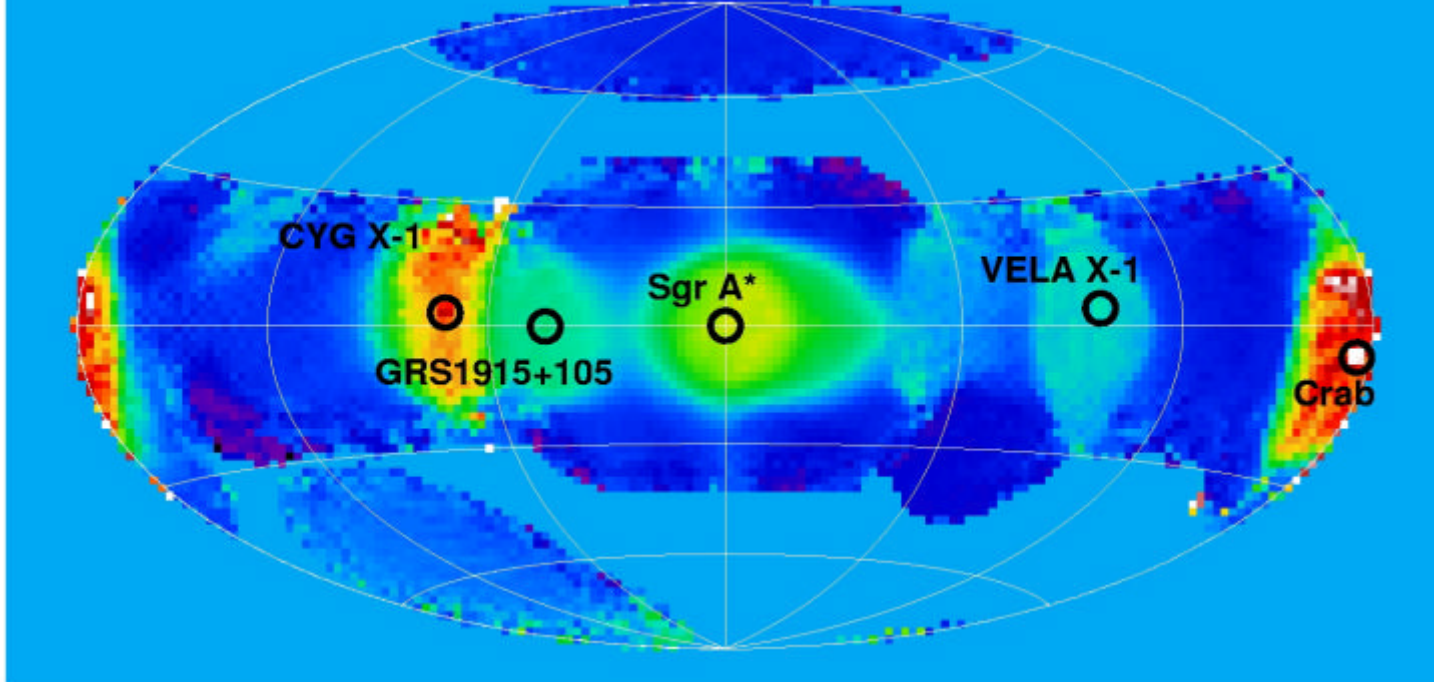


Background verification

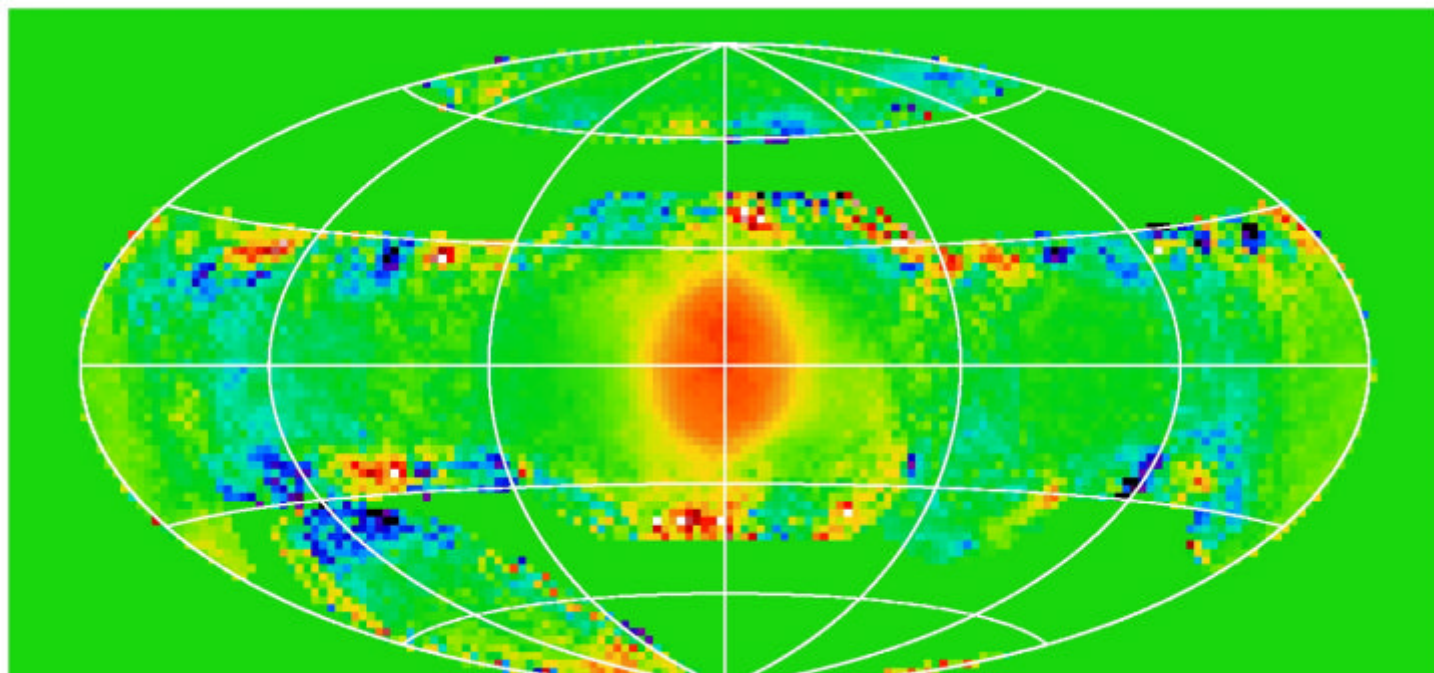




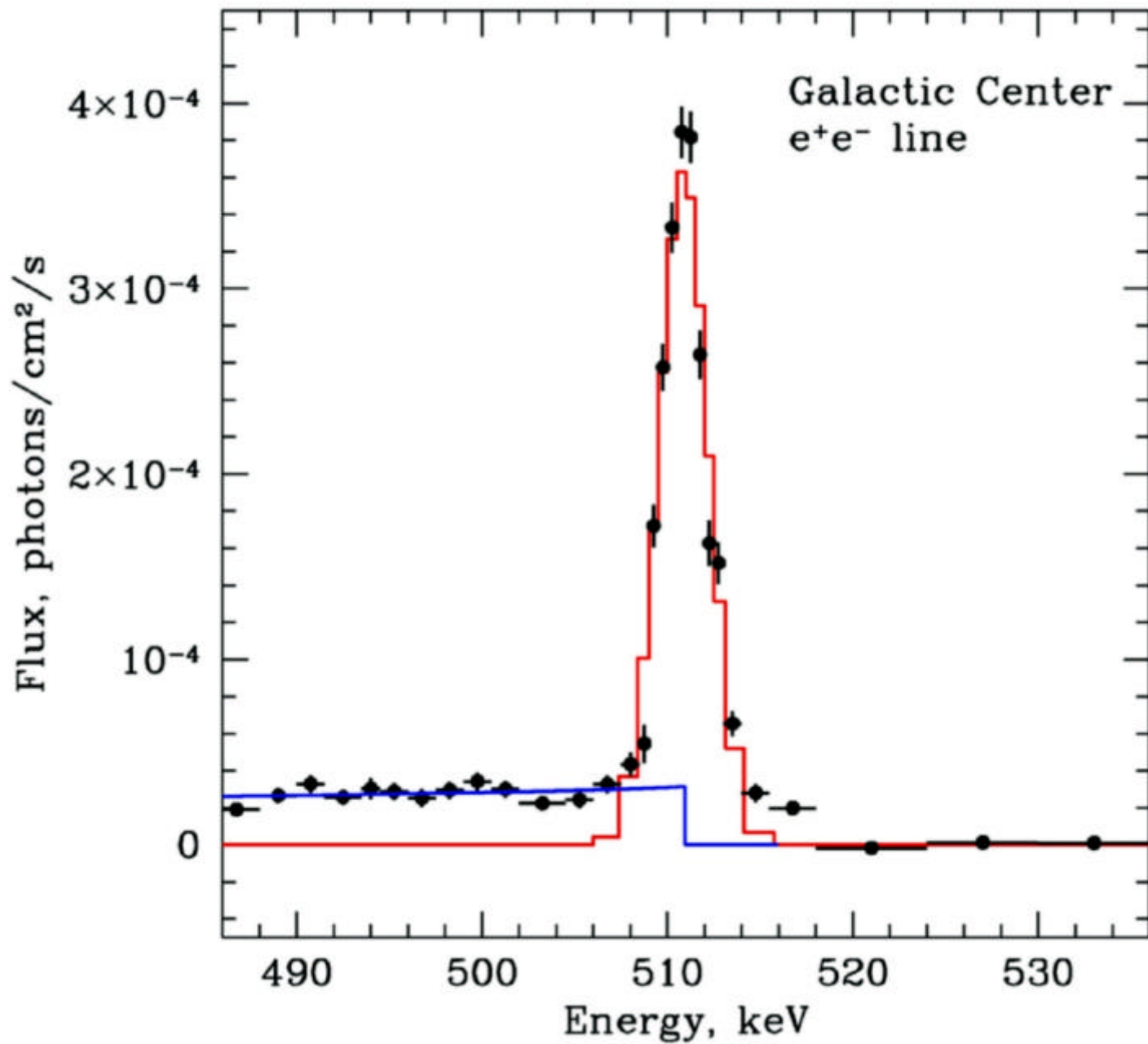




50 keV



511 keV



Fixed background:

Energy **510.988** \pm **0.035 keV**
FWHM **2.47** \pm **0.11 keV**

Free background:

Energy **510.954** \pm **0.075 keV**
FWHM **2.37** \pm **0.25 keV**

$$m_e c^2 = 510.999 \text{ keV}$$

Bulk velocity < 20–40 km/s (Earth motion)

Differential velocity < 800 km/s

Processes in hydrogen plasma (dust free)

Deceleration of positrons:

Ionization ($E > 13.6$ eV)

Excitation ($E > 10.2$ eV)

Coulomb losses (if ionized)

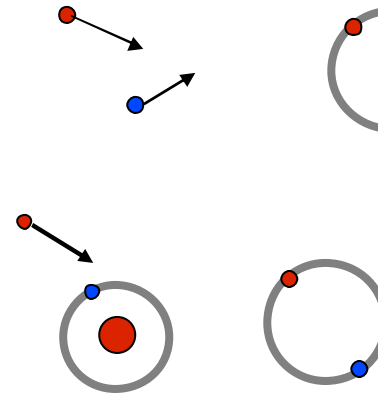
Direct annihilation

Bound electrons: $\sim \sigma_T v$

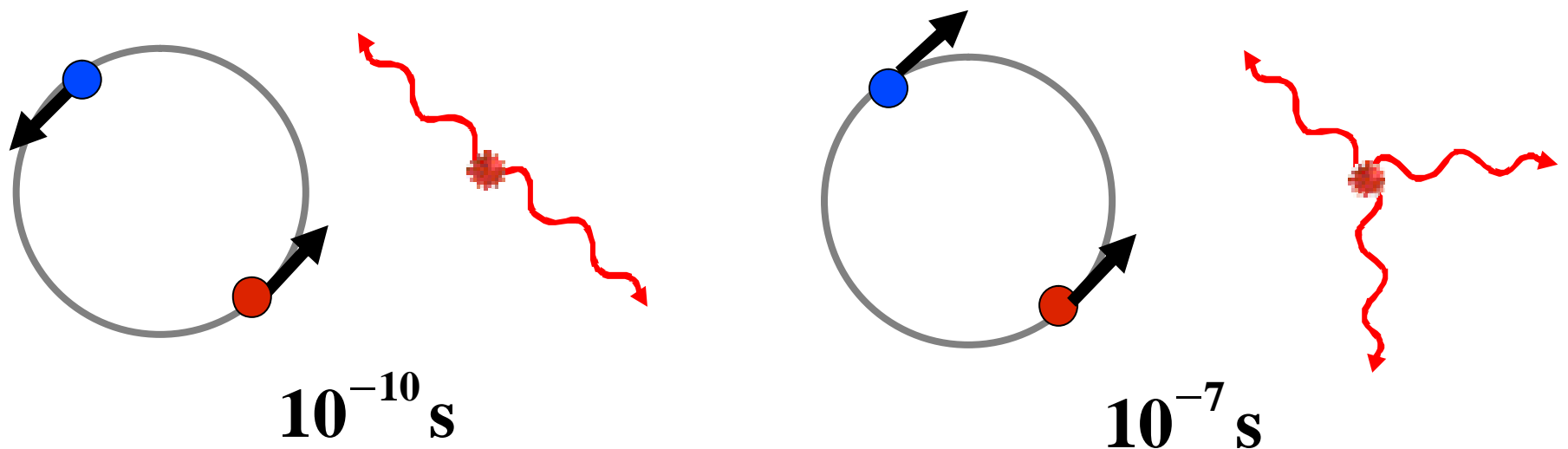
Free electrons: $\sim \sigma_T c$ ($E \gg 13.6$ eV)

Radiative recombination (if ionized, T - low)

Charge exchange (if neutral, $E > 6.8$ eV)

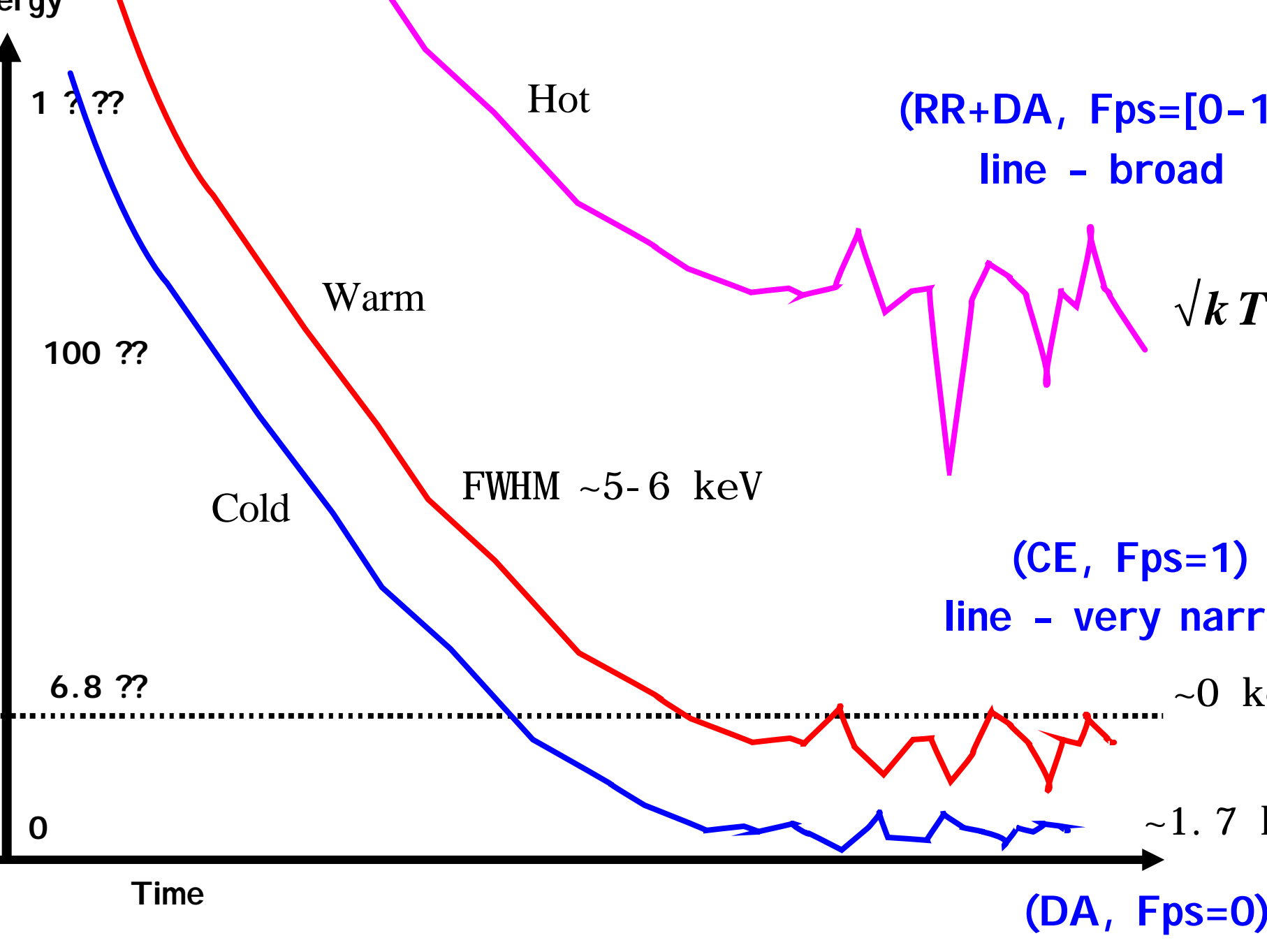


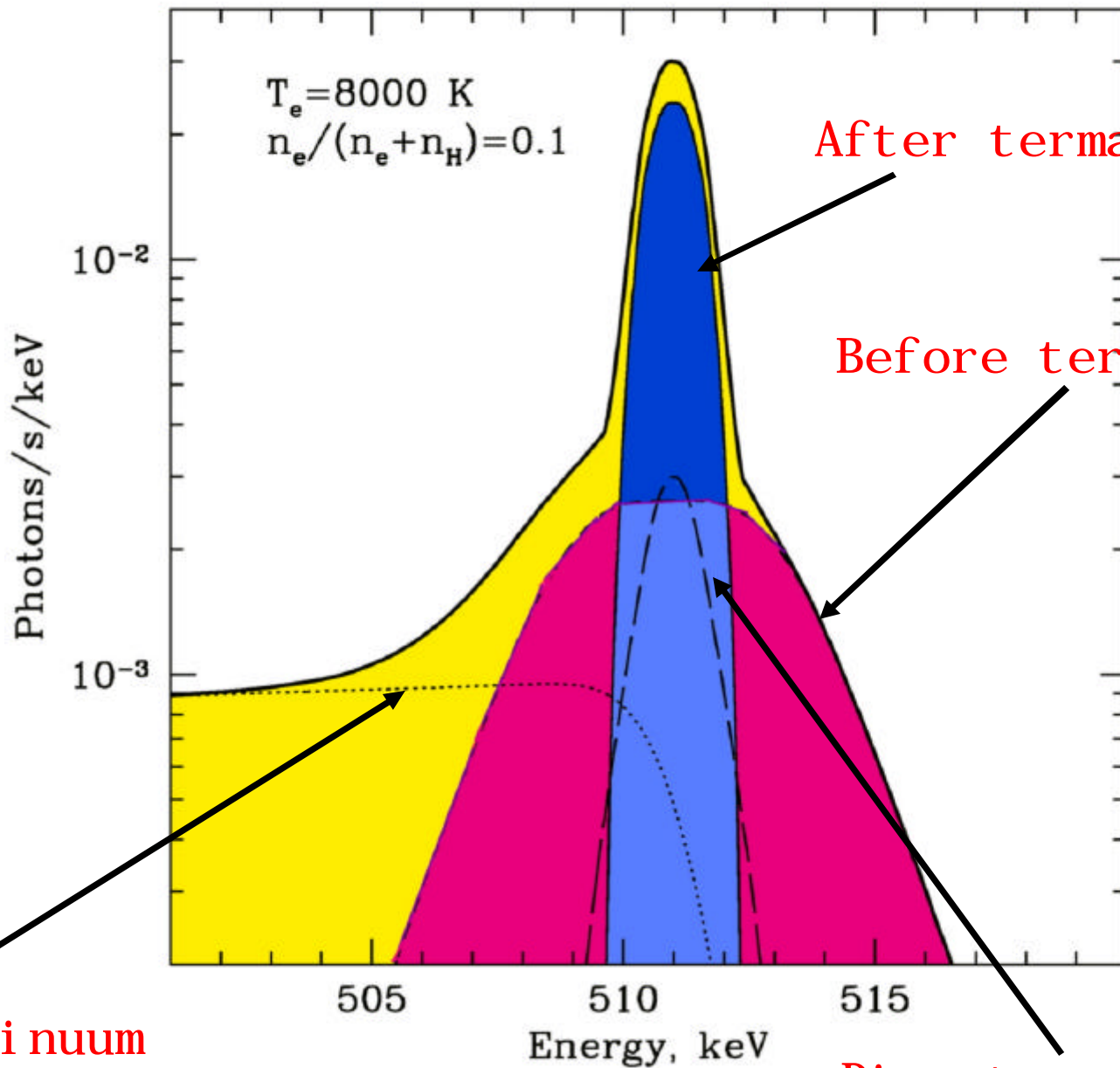
$$\text{CE} + \text{RR} = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{Para-positronium,} & \frac{1}{4} \quad 2\gamma \\ \text{Ortho-positronium,} & \frac{3}{4} \quad 3\gamma \end{array} \right\}$$

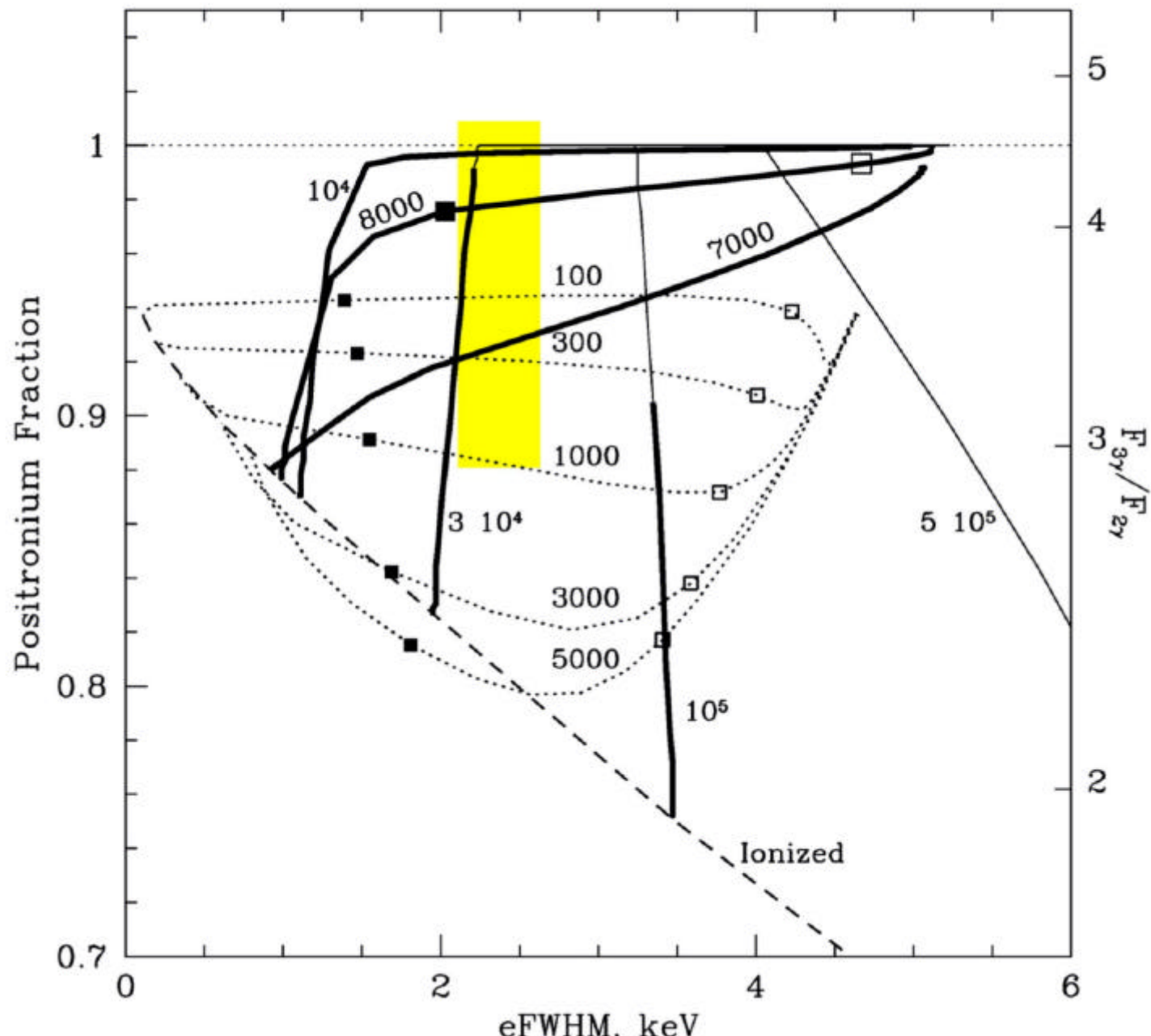


$$F_{3\gamma} = \frac{3}{4} \times 3 = 4.5 \quad \text{Deviations from 4.5} \rightarrow \frac{\text{Direct annihilation}}{\text{CE+RR}}$$

$$F_{2\gamma} = \frac{1}{4} \times 2$$







Phase	T_e K	n , cm^{-3}	χ	T_s , years	T_a , years
Cold	80	30	0	10^3	10^4
WN	8000	0.3	0.1	10^5	$7 \cdot 10^4$
WI	8000	0.3	0.5	10^5	$7 \cdot 10^4$
Hot	$8 \cdot 10^5$	0.003	1	10^7	$3 \cdot 10^8$

WN - OK

Cold+WN+WI - OK

Hot < 8 %, but ...

Positrons: production ? annihilation

DM annihilation ? volume ? hot phase

- Migration between phases?
- Positrons locked to phase?
- Life time of hot phase

$2 \cdot 10^7$ years

Conclusions

- Most precise line parameters
- Line is unshifted ($v < \sim 30$ km/s)
- No fast expansion ($v < 800$ km/s)
- WNM - OK
- Neither pure Cold nor Hot (<8%)
- Dark matter annihilation is still an option